

Cold storage

Store foods to avoid cross contamination and to keep High Risk foods out of the Temperature Danger Zone.

COLD STORAGE

Store raw food below ready-to-eat/cooked food and store all food types separately i.e. vegetables away from the dairy. Don't overload the fridge or freeze to allow for airflow. Cover foods with lids, gladwrap or foil. Check the fridge and freezer tempertaure regularly.

FRIDGE ORDER FROM TOP TO BOTTOM

Dairy and Ready-to-eat foods Cooked foods Raw foods, then Thawing frozen foods

Avoid storing high risk foods in the Fridge door as the temperature will fluctuate. Never store eggs next to ready-to-foods.

TIP Small quantities freeze and thaw quicker.







Chopping boards



The correct chopping board MUST be used for each food type

ALLERGENIC FOODS

Colour coded chopping boards can eliminate or reduce the risk of cross contamination during food preparation. Clean, sanitise and store chopping boards correctly after use. Raw food is prepared separately from ready-to-eat food, using separate sanitised utensils, chopping boards and other equipment. If this is not possible, staff must thoroughly wash the equipment in hot water and detergent and sanitise between uses.

NEED MORE TRAINING? OUR FOOD SAFETY EXPERTS ARE HERE TO HELP Call (03) 9561 1844 or email info@oscarcaregroup.com.au





Personal hygiene matters to keep food safe



Remember to refrain from touching your face, hair, or any other non-food surfaces while handling food to reduce contamination risks.











Hand Washing



WET YOUR HANDS WITH WARM WATER In hand basins provided.



USE SOAP TO
WORK UP A LATHER
For at least of 30
seconds



RUB PALM TO PALM



WASH PALM TO PALM WITH FINGERS INTERLACED



RUB WITH BACK OF FINGERS



WASH THUMBS



WASH FINGERNAILS



WASH WRISTS



RINSE OFF SOAP UNDER RUNNING WARM WATER For no less than twenty seconds



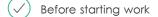
DRY WITH PAPER TOWEL & PLACE PAPER TOWEL INTO A HANDS FREE BIN Do not use uniform or tea towels





When to wash your hands







✓) After going to the toilet



Before handling food



After handling raw food



Before handling ready-to-eat foods



Before & after handling allergens



After handling chemicals, cleaning cloths or equipment



After disposing of/or handling waste



After gardening



 (\checkmark) After eating or drinking



After smoking or vaping



After every break



✓ After using a tissue



After running fingers through the hair, or scratching the scalp



After biting nails, licking fingers, or touching pimples or sores

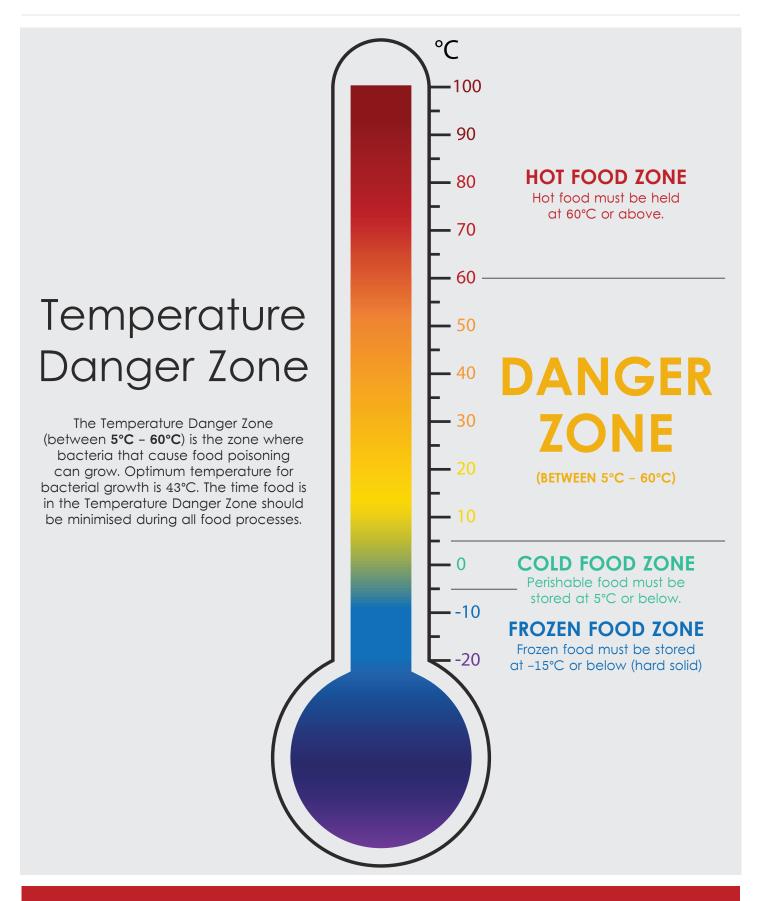


After handling animals

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What are High Risk foods?



Potentially hazardous food (high risk food) are foods that **must** be kept at a particular temperature to minimize the growth of pathogenic microorganisms that may be in the food, or to stop the formation of toxins.



EGG PRODUCTSQuiche, fresh
pasta, meringue,
egg based

dressings



DAIRY PRODUCTS

Milk, butter,
yoghurt, dips,
custard based
desserts



SMALLGOODS
Ham, chicken
loaf, bacon
and similar
products



AND FISH
PRODUCTS
Fish, prawns,
caviar, fish balls

FISH. SHELLFISH



RAW AND COOKED MEATS, OR FOODS CONTAINING MEAT INCLUDING PROCESSED MEAT PRODUCTS

Casseroles, curries, lasagna, meat pies, sausages, patties, sauces, stews, soups, stocks, pate



OTHER FOODS

Cooked rice, cooked pasta, pizza, prepared meats, sandwiches, salads, beans, nuts, soy products

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